Investing 101

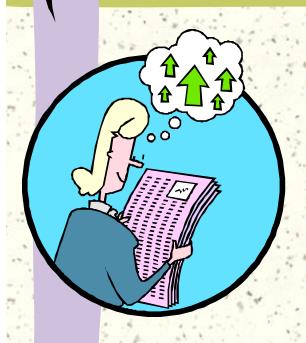


STOCK



- # A piece a corporation
- **Shareholders** are OWNERS
- **Share in profits & losses**

Shareholders "win" when...



- # A company grows
- Stock becomes more valuable
 - **CAPITAL**APPRECIATION
 - Paper profit until you sell

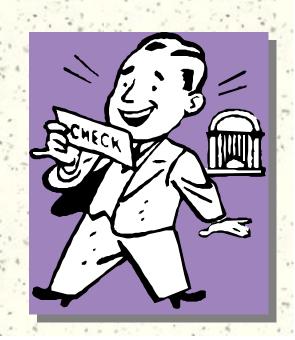
Shareholders "win" when...



The firm is profitable.

#Mgt. may send investors a share of the profits



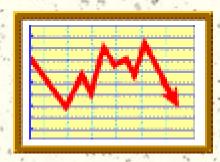


Is a win guaranteed? NO!



#Stock prices can fall

DEPRECIATION





#No/low profits -> no dividend paid

2 Kinds of Stock

COMMON

No fixed rate of return on your investment



PREFERRED

Has a fixed rate of return

Preference over common stock in dividend distribution

Look for "pf" after the company name

How do I pick a stock? Hit the LIBRARY!!



♯ RESEARCH, RESEARCH, RESEARCH!

- Annual reports
- Company profiles
- **■** Analysts' reports (ask a broker)
- **Reference books**
 - **Value Line**
 - Standard & Poor's
 - Moody's
- Newspapers

How do I pick a stock? Search the INTERNET!

- # Company web sites
- # Investment advice sites



- younginvestor.com
- individualinvestor.com
- www.stockpoint.com
- Library.thinkquest.org/1 0326/investment_lessons /stock_information.html

What am I looking for?

#COMPANY PERFORMANCE

- Profit history
- = Earnings (P/E ratio)
- Growth potential
- Good management?
- What do you think of their products?



What am I looking for?

#THE BIGGER PICTURE

■ Is this a growth industry?

- Impact of world events?
- Does a recession hurt or help the company?

What determines a STOCK'S PRICE?

The stock market's like an auction . . .

When more people REALLY want to buy, a stock's price rises

- Rosy profit picture
- Company's growing
- Popular products



What determines a STOCK'S PRICE?

When investors are BEARI SH about a stock



- # Expect its price to go down & want to sell before it does
- **#** Selling pushes share price down

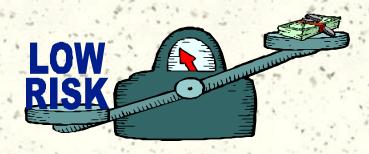
Don't forget COMMISSIONS





The fee paid to have your stock purchase or sale executed.

Risk vs. Rewards



#Slow and steady is the pattern with stocks that are less risky. Volatile stocks can bring big payoffs or big losses.



What's a MUTUAL FUND?

- # Investors pool their \$\$\$
- # Hire a fund manager
- # Mgr. buys an array of stocks
 - The fund's **PORTFOLIO**
- **#** Advantages:
 - Professional management
 - More diversification
 - Accept small \$ amounts



Are STOCKS & BONDS the same?

#NO!

Shareholders are owners (INVESTORS)

#Bondholders are creditors (LENDERS)

Bond stipulates the repayment schedule (principal + interest)

Plunge in & HAVE FUN!

